

STRATEGIC PREVENTION PLAN: LOS ANGELES COUNTY

July 2026 | Version 1.0

Substance Use Prevention Services

Los Angeles County Substance Abuse Strategic Prevention Plan

For FY2026-2030, Los Angeles County has opted into the [Substance Use Prevention Plan \(SUPP\)](#), as DHCS' overarching guidance for counties receiving SUBG primary prevention funding to use prevention science, theory and planning frameworks when making local programmatic decisions that best meets the needs of the individuals, families, and communities they serve. The purpose of the SUPP is to define the steps necessary to achieve SAPC's vision, mission, and goals within Los Angeles County. The SUPP is consistent with the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration's (SAMHSA) Strategic Prevention Framework (SPF) process.

PRIORITY AREAS

In alignment with the SUPP, programmatic priority shall be given to the following focus populations:

- Children (under age 12) and Youth (age 12-17)
- Transitional age youth age (18-26)
- Housing insecure and/or justice-involved individuals
- Military personnel
- Rural and frontier communities
- Community populations for environmental prevention activities (in school and community)

COUNTY GOALS

In alignment with the SUPP, Los Angeles County will align with four of the five goals in their local planning:

1. Reduce past 30-day use of alcohol, prescription drugs, marijuana, and/or methamphetamine
2. Change perceptions of harm of alcohol, marijuana and/or other drugs
3. Increase age of onset of alcohol and drug use among youth
4. Reduce the consequences associated with substance use (e.g. drug-related mortality, emergency department visits, school suspensions and expulsions, poor academic achievement)

COUNTY LOGIC MODEL

The following logic models should be used in conjunction with the County Goals. It should also be used to guide the development of Provider's work plans to ensure that the County Goals are achieved.

**Substance Use
Prevention Services**

Goals (Behavioral Change):

1. Reduce past 30-day use of alcohol, prescription drugs, marijuana, and/or methamphetamine
2. Change perceptions of harm of alcohol, marijuana and/or other drugs
3. Increase age of onset of alcohol and drug use among youth
 - a) Reduce the consequences associated with substance use (e.g. drug-related mortality, emergency department visits, school suspensions and expulsions, poor academic achievement)

Objective	Strategies	What is going to happen as a result of implemented strategies?			Indicators
		Short Term Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long Term Outcomes	
What do we want to accomplish?	What CSAP strategies will the county implement to accomplish the objective?	Immediate implementation: measures process change.	Measures change in contributing factors and/or change in knowledge or skills.	Match the objective as if it was accomplished.	How will the County measure what happened?
Objective 1: By 2030, 3% of youth will report a reduction in past 30-day use of alcohol, prescription drugs, and/or marijuana use from baseline.	Information Dissemination Education Community-Based Environmental Alternative Activities Problem Identification and Referral	By 2028, 1% of youth will report a reduction in past 30-day use of alcohol, prescription drugs, and/or marijuana use from baseline.	By 2029, 2% of youth will report a reduction in past 30-day use of alcohol, prescription drugs, and/or marijuana use from baseline.	By 2030, 3% of youth will report a reduction in past 30-day use of alcohol, prescription drugs, and/or marijuana use from baseline.	Los Angeles Community Needs Assessment (CNA)
Objective 2: By 2030, the number of youth who perceive underage substance use as harmful will increase by 3%.	Information Dissemination Education Problem Identification and Referral	By 2028, the number of youth who perceive underage substance use as harmful will increase by 1% as measured by CNA compared to baseline.	By 2029, the number of youth who perceive underage substance use as harmful will increase by 2% as measured by CNA compared to baseline.	By 2030, the number of youth who perceive underage substance use as harmful will increase by 3% as measured by CNA compared to baseline.	Los Angeles Community Needs Assessment (CNA)
Objective 3: By 2030, the age of onset of alcohol and drug use among youth will increase by 3% from baseline.	Information Dissemination Education Community-Based Environmental	By 2028, the age of onset of alcohol and drug use among youth will increase by 1% from baseline.	By 2029, the age of onset of alcohol and drug use among youth will increase by 2% from baseline.	By 2030, the age of onset of alcohol and drug use among youth will increase by 3% from baseline.	Los Angeles Community Needs Assessment (CNA), local surveillance data



**Substance Use
Prevention Services**

<p>Objective 4: By 2030, consequences associated with substance use (i.e. drug-related mortality, emergency department visits, school suspensions and expulsions, poor academic achievement) will decrease by 3% from baseline.</p>	<p>Information Dissemination Education Community-Based Environmental Alternative Activities Problem Identification and Referral</p>	<p>By 2028, consequences associated with substance use (i.e. drug-related mortality, emergency department visits, school suspensions and expulsions, poor academic achievement) will decrease by 1% from baseline.</p>	<p>By 2029, consequences associated with substance use (i.e. drug-related mortality, emergency department visits, school suspensions and expulsions, poor academic achievement) will decrease by 2% from baseline.</p>	<p>By 2030 consequences associated with substance use (i.e. drug-related mortality, emergency department visits, school suspensions and expulsions, poor academic achievement) will decrease by 3% from baseline.</p>	<p>HCAI; ME (Medical Examiner); CHKS, California School Dashboard</p>
--	--	--	--	---	---

